## **Assignment Review**

# 1. What is "fitness"?

Fitness combines skill-related components (ex. Agility, speed) AND health-related components (ex. Muscular strength, cardiovascular endurance)

Component	Description	Example
Cardiovascular Endurance	The ability of the heart and lungs to provide oxygen	Running
Flexibility	The range of motion (ROM) at a joint	Yoga
Muscular Strength	The force exerted by muscles in a single effort	Standing long jump
Muscular Endurance	The force exerted by muscles over a period of time	Sit up test

### 2. Components of Fitness

### **FITT Principle**

- F Frequency = how often
- I Intensity = how hard
- T Time = how long
- T Type = what kind

K.2.51.C2 RM FITT Principle Guidelines S.2.S1.A.1a G-5 K.2.52.C.2 S.5.52.A.2 Fitness and/or Variables Health Benefit Ι Т т Frequency Intensity Time Type Cardiovascular 3 to 5 times moderate to minimum of 30 running endurance (aerobic) per week vigorous minutes cycling intensity cross-country (60% to 85% skiing of maximum (continuous heart rate) motion of large muscle group[s]) Muscular strength alternate days high resistance 1 to 3 sets of free weights 3 times per (sets to 8 to 12 universal gym week maximum repetitions tubing capability) body weight Muscular endurance alternate days low to 3 sets of 10 to free weights 3 times per moderate 20 repetitions universal gym week resistance tubing body weight Flexibility slow and 20 to 30 daily static controlled seconds movement Body composition 5 to 7 times combination of dependent on aerobic intensities per week intensity anaerobic resistance Anaerobic alternate days 90% of 2 to 3 minutes sprinting 2 or 3 times per "bout" maximum heart jumping per week rate Active daily living/ low to 30 to 60 daily gardening health moderate walking minutes intensity bowling

#### References:

Manitoba Fitness Council. Active Healthy People: Fitness Theory Manual. Winnipeg, MB: Manitoba Fitness Council, n.d. ---. Resistance Training Manual. Winnipeg, MB: Manitoba Fitness Council, n.d.